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VOL. IV NO. 331

MONDAY, 23 JULY 1979 • JEDDAH • 29 SHABAN 1399 A.H.

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TWELVE PAGES — ONE RIYAL

Ramadan : a month of discipline

By Arab News

With the advent of the holy month of Ramadan on Wednesday, life in Saudi Arabia, like in other Islamic countries, will be drastically different for the next 30 days. During this month Muslims are required to abstain from food, liquids and coition from dawn to dusk. Strictly speaking, the abstention period lasts from the dawn prayer to the evening prayer.

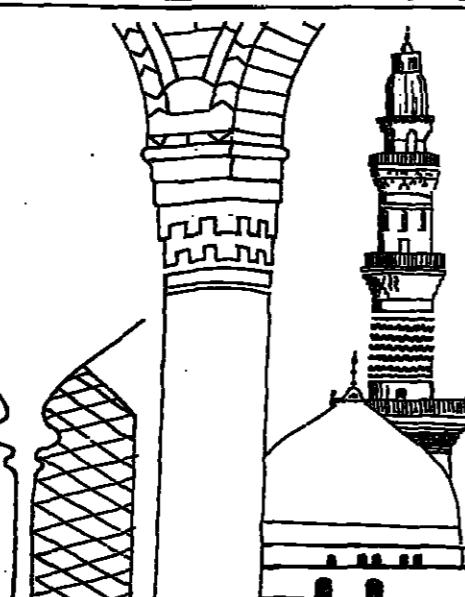
Muslims strive to be as pure in body as in spirit and to refrain from any act, deed, or thought that may mar the purity of their fasting.

Ramadan is the month during which the Holy Koran was revealed to the Prophet Muhammad, which heralded the religion of Islam. Over 800 million people are Muslims around the world.

Ramadan's significance lies in that it is a mental and spiritual discipline that inculcates the higher values of life — cheerful self-deprivation, a high moral code and empathy for the poor gained by living like them for one month a year. It leads to greater rapport between rich and poor and a more meaningful sympathy for the downtrodden of the earth.

Charity or Zakat, another pillar of Islamic teachings, is dispensed during the Fasting month. Zadat is an injunction on Muslims to give away part of their wealth to the poor. This is set at two and a half per cent of the wealth accumulated during the year. Wealth includes property, both movable and immovable, gold, silver and stocks and shares.

Thus, during the month all restaurants and other



eating and drinking places, excluding hotels, will be shut throughout the country.

Public eating by Muslims will be an offense punishable by law. Flouting Muslim susceptibilities by non-Muslims would be unwise.

Though shops will remain open from late morning until the late afternoon, life will not begin to pick up until shortly after the evening prayers. Some shops will reopen by eight while the majority will do so after nine because they will work late, usually well past midnight. During the period between evening prayers and dawn when they should stop eating and drinking, Muslims can lead a normal life but must still abstain from doing or saying anything that might hurt their application of the injunction.

The whole month is devoted to the supreme moral and religious values ordered by Islam. Even angry reaction to a provocation during the day may be considered hurtful and should be suppressed. Completing the month of fasting without incident and by sincere dedication to God is of supreme satisfaction to Muslims, something that they look up to the rest of the year.

West Bankers urge setting up state under PLO leadership

JERUSALEM, July 22 (R) — A three-day conference of West Bank Palestinians, called to discuss social problems, ended Sunday with resolutions urging the establishment of an independent Palestinian state under the leadership of the Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO).

During the conference West

Kuwaiti minister returns home from visit to Iran

KUWAIT, July 22 (Agencies) — Foreign Minister Sheikh Sabah al-Ahmed al-Sabah returned here after a two-day official visit to Iran, after meeting Iranian leader Ayatollah Khomeini Sunday.

At their meeting which took place at Khomeini's residence, in Qom, 160 kilometers south of Tehran, the two men discussed how their respective Me-slim countries "would try to have the best of relations with each other," state radio reported.

In talks with his Iranian counterpart, Ibrahim Yazdi, in Tehran, the Kuwaiti foreign minister told Pars, the official Iranian news agency, that "United States policy in the Gulf region were also part of their discussion."

Pars quoted Jaber al-Sabah as saying "We should not be surprised about this American policy which says they will occupy the oil fields. They say this only to create

Bank mayors, whom the military authorities have barred from discussing political problems in public, carefully concentrated their remarks on social and welfare subjects.

But other speakers said social problems could not be divorced from political matters.

Dr. Amin El Khatib, chairman

of the Arab Welfare Association, told a news conference at the end of the meeting in East Jerusalem that it was impossible to separate social, economic and welfare problems from the future of the West Bank and Gaza.

The conference attended by about 1,000 Palestinians from the West Bank rejected the Israeli government's plan for limited autonomy in the region.

Delegates noted that talks on autonomy were being held in the absence of any Palestinian representatives. Israel, Egypt and the U.S., the three countries carrying on the negotiations, have appealed to the West Bank leaders to take part.

The conference said no plans for autonomy could be implemented if the Palestinian people were not allowed to decide on their own future.

All resolutions were passed by unanimous vote. They included an appeal to local Palestinian youths to remain within their areas and not to emigrate to jobs in other parts of the Arab world or elsewhere.

Military government spokesmen noted that the mayors had refrained in their remarks from discussing political matters. They said no action would therefore be taken against them as they had observed the military government's ruling. The mayors did not attend the news conference.

Senate Democratic leader Robert Byrd of West Virginia urged the president to back up his

before the Vietnam War.

He said he expected the Soviet Union to "throw its weight around" more in the 1980s because it is aware its military strength has improved over the past 10 to 15 years.

But he added that the Soviet Union was acutely aware that nuclear war with the U.S. could be devastating.

"I think we are not like that," he said. "That's why political cooperation and the political path should be paid considerable attention to."

Brown said the United States was prepared to use military power to defend its vital interests although those interests were more narrowly defined now than

The sources said the measures were in line with Oman's commitment to safeguard the security and stability of the region.

CAIRO, July 22 (R) — Military tribunal Sunday sentenced 20 Egyptians to jail terms ranging from six months to 10 years, and fines totalling \$10,500 on charges of spying for Libya and for attempted sabotage.

The court said the group was

recruited by Libyan intelligence to annex the Siwa Oasis, near the border, the official Middle East News Agency (MENA) reported.

Earlier, this month another military court sentenced an Egyptian to 15 years hard labor on charges of spying for Libya.

Brown says U.S. won't use force to protect oil

WASHINGTON, July 22 (R) — The United States will not use force to protect its oil supplies from the Gulf, Defense Secretary Harold Brown said in an interview published Sunday.

"It seems to me that kind of approach is hard to characterize other than as aggression," Brown told the magazine "U.S. News and World Report."

"I think we are not like that," he said. "That's why political cooperation and the political path should be paid considerable attention to."

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Israel scorns U.N. censure

TEL AVIV, July 22 (R) — Israel Sunday affirmed that its settlements in occupied Arab territory were legal and rejected a United Nations call to cease building new ones.

The Security Council on Friday passed a resolution urging Israel to halt "the establishment, construction and planning of settlements in the Arab territories occupied since 1967, including Jerusalem."

There were 14 votes in favor of the resolution and none against, with the lone abstention of the United States.

The Israeli cabinet, in a statement Sunday after its regular weekly session, said Israel rejected the Security Council's resolution.

"The government reaffirms Israel's position on Jerusalem and the legality of the settlements. Israel will not cooperate with the Security Council committee on settlements," it said.

Israeli policy is that Jerusalem will always be the country's capital. East Jerusalem was captured from Jordan in the 1967 war.

Jordan Saturday described the Security Council resolution as a new international condemnation of "Israel's aggressive policies."

A statement by Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Hassan Ibrahim, issued by the official Jordan news agency, said the resolution was also an outright rejection of those policies "which represent a flagrant violation" of the United Nations charter and international law.

"If Israel fails to comply with the resolution, then the Security Council should invoke sanctions against it," Ibrahim was quoted as saying.

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Paris, Rome said inviting PLO chief

KUWAIT, July 22 (AP) — Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat, who recently met with two prominent European leaders, has received official invitations to visit France and Italy, the Kuwait News Agency reported Sunday.

Quoting "authoritative Palestinian sources," the Agency said similar invitations were expected from West Germany and other Western European countries soon.

The semi-official agency said French President Valery Giscard d'Estaing has invited Arafat to the Elysee Palace.

The agency said the invitation was conveyed verbally to the Palestine Liberation Organization leader. The agency said its sources did not elaborate on the Italian invitation.

Kuma said the timing of Arafat's visit to France depends on political and security circumstances and on the situation in Southern Lebanon.

A PLO spokesman in Beirut said he had no information about the Kuwaiti report.

Commandos

In Cairo, "October" magazine has reported Arafat has pledged to stop commando raids outside Israeli-held Arab territories.

The magazine, which has close connections with President Anwar Sadat, said the pledge was made in writing to Austrian Chancellor Bruno Kreisky and former West German Chancellor Willy Brandt, the top leaders of the Socialist International (SI).

The pledge was a condition set by Kreisky and Brandt for meeting with Arafat in Vienna early this month the magazine claimed.

Brandt promised Arafat to grant the PLO observer status in the grouping of West European socialist parties, in return for the pledge.

Quoting what it called a secret report from Vienna, the magazine said the SI "would not have accepted to consult with Arafat and support the legitimate rights

TALKS

Arafat held talks in Beirut Saturday night with Lebanese Premier Selim Hoss on the situation in Southern Lebanon where Palestinian commandos have clashed over the past few days with raiding Israeli troops and allied Lebanese Christian militias.

Official sources said only that the 90-minute discussion centered on the troubled situation in the region and Israeli "aggression" on southern towns and villages.

The two also reviewed discussions at a meeting earlier Saturday between Arafat and General Emmanuel Erskine, the commander of the U.N. peace keeping force in South Lebanon (UNIFIL).

Genaville is the control center for pipelines feeding crude oil from the fields in Khuzestan province to Kharg Island the giant terminal where supertankers take on Iranian petroleum.

"We have warned our brothers that if they approach oil installations in Genaville port without giving prior notice, they will be fired on immediately," Pars, the official news agency, quoted an announcement from the Revolutionary Guards as saying.

The agency said the decision had been taken in view of the "sensitivity that surrounds the safeguarding of the oil installations."

MEANWHILE, two men and two women have been executed on charges of "warring with God and spreading corruption on earth," the state-run Beirut Radio put

the casualty toll at 15 killed and 50 wounded. It said the Israeli planes

used "highly explosive bombs and rockets."

In Sarafand, five cars were destroyed and 10 shops and several other buildings were damaged.

Palestinian sources said a number of people were believed trapped under the rubble.

The victims were said to include people who had been having picnics along the coast.

The Palestine news agency Wafa reported that the bombardment of Damour, 24 km south of Beirut, began at 6:20 p.m. (1620 GMT) and was still going on 10 minutes later.

It was over Damour on June 27 that Israeli and Syrian planes clashed in a dogfight in which at least four Syrian MiG-21s were reported shot down.

Clashes in the troubled South

have intensified over the past few days amid Palestinian commando predictions that Israel is planning a large-scale military operation

into the region.

18 killed in Israeli air attack



SIDON, July 22 (R) — Three formations of Israeli planes raided Lebanese coastal villages south of Beirut Sunday night and first reports said at least 18 persons were killed.

Palestinian sources reported a further 65 persons wounded in the aerial bombardment. Sarafand, south of this port city, was described as a main target of the raid.

The sources said most of the casualties were civilians.

(In Tel Aviv, a military spokesman said Israeli planes attacked Palestinian "concentrations" in southern Lebanon and all the aircraft returned safely after the raid.

Two formations were reported to have struck Sarafand, its environs and the main coastal road, while a third strafed Damour and nearby Na'am.

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used "highly explosive bombs and rockets."

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Eating in Ramadan may earn flogging, head mutawa warns

JEDDAH, July 22 — Anybody caught eating in public during the day in Ramadan will be handed over to the courts either to be imprisoned or flogged.

Sheikh Saad ibn Hamad Al-Mutawifi, the president of the Society for the Encouragement of Virtue and the Elimination of Vice, the group of mutawa'in, told "Al-Bilad" Sunday that restaurants open during the day during the month will be closed by the authorities and their owners will be jailed.

The Holy Month begins on Wednesday, when with the exception of the old, children, the sick, travelers and pregnant or menstruating women, Muslims are obliged to fast during the hours of daylight.

Sheikh Saad was asked about the effect of foreigners on Saudi Minister sees

Bahrain official

MANAMA, July 22, (SPA) — Bahraini Prime Minister Sheikh Khalifah ibn Salman Al-Khalifah Sunday received Minister of Higher Education Sheikh Hassan ibn Abdulah Al-Sheikh, who arrived here Saturday.

In the meeting attended by Bahraini Minister of Education Sheikh Abdul Aziz ibn Muhammad Al-Khalifah, relations in education were discussed.



MECCA : Prince Saad ibn Abdul Mohsen, the deputy governor of Mecca, attends the washing of the Kaaba in Mecca Saturday.

After project dedicated

Water prices slashed in Taif, Hada

By a Staff Reporter

TAIF, July 22 — The day after King Khaled dedicated the first phase of the Taif and Hada water supply project, the Ministry of Agriculture and Water has

ordered water prices there cut. A tanker containing 4,000 gallons of drinking water is now to cost SR100 instead of SR160, and a 2,000 gallon SR50 instead of SR100.

The director of the Water and Sewage Department in the Western Region, Yahya Koshak, said Sunday that prices were cut because so much sweet water will now be available through the Taif and Hada network.

"We have no fixed hours of work," he said, "because crimes do not take place at any fixed time."

Tankers and water trucks will fill up from department facilities."

He called on everyone to cooperate with his department by saving water and avoiding waste, in everyone's interest.

The scheme the King dedicated Saturday is a network of pipes and purification plants costing SR330 million, through which Taif and Hada will be supplied with drinking water pumped from Wadi Turabah and Wadi Arwa. It is one of the Ministry of Agriculture and Water's largest projects.

Also Sunday Deputy Governor of Taif Sheikh Muhammad ibn Ali ibn Huraib said that the water project would alleviate the problem of water shortage in the town.

He said it was considered a significant stride in the development of the Kingdom that characterizes

the era of King Khaled.

The nearest reliable water sources to Taif are 110 kilometers to the south in Wadi Turabah. Because it lies lower than Taif and Hada, pumping stations and six reservoirs will combine to lift water to the centers through a 200 kilometer pipeline. After purification it will be fed through domestic supply systems.

Saudi specialists will take care of the maintenance and everyday operations of the network.

The project includes eight water tanks, five able to hold 1,500 cubic meters, two 500 cubic meters and one 5,000 cubic meters.

The Hada section of the overall plan includes one tank that can store 1,500 cubic meters and two pumping plants to transmit 4,500 cubic meters a day, which will increase the pumping capacity in Wadi Muhammara by 50 liters a second.

On the policies of the Labor and Conservative Parties toward the Middle East, he said: "I do not wish to go too far as regards the differences between the two parties."

"Parliament has not seen any major clashes on this subject. The Conservative Party has a large number of members with long experience in the region."

"We have practical and strong cooperation with Saudi Arabia and other friendly states of the

'Close contact' British minister praises relations with Kingdom

JEDDAH, July 22 — British Foreign Secretary Lord Carrington says his country's relations with Saudi Arabia are excellent, and that the Kingdom is playing a significant and constructive role in regional and international affairs.

In an interview published in "Al-Jazirah" Sunday, Lord Carrington said there had been a chain of visits exchanged during recent years, culminating in the extremely successful visit of Queen Elizabeth and Prince Philip, the Duke of Edinburgh, to Saudi Arabia last February.

Riyadh Governor : Prince Salman, who visited Britain last May, was one of the first foreign dignitaries Mrs. Margaret Thatcher received at 10 Downing Street after her election.

He said, "I believe I don't need to add to the Queen's address in Doha last February when she said 'I take note that the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia is playing a significant and constructive role in regional and international affairs.' We in Britain have reasons to be grateful for Saudi Arabia's moderate approach under the wise and far-sighted leadership of King Khaled in both economics and politics. The whole world has admired Saudi policy during the recent difficult years."

On the policies of the Labor and Conservative Parties toward the Middle East, he said: "I do not wish to go too far as regards the differences between the two parties."

"Although Britain is fast becoming an important oil-producing state, it is at bottom a commercial state depending for its prosperity largely on a firm and

Middle East, and we have been in close contact with these states since the Iranian revolution. I believe that whenever any problems develop they must in the first place be tackled by the states of the region themselves."

"I was happy that the ceasefire between North and South Yemen last March was made possible by regional cooperation."

We are, however, ready to help our friends in the Gulf to preserve their stability and welfare, if asked to do so."

"Britain knows as well as Saudi Arabia that world oil resources are limited. It is also aware of the fact that wise and sound development of all energy resources is necessary for ensuring long-term world energy supplies."

"We therefore welcomed Saudi Arabia's statement of Feb. 28 calling for urgent cooperation between oil-producing and oil-consuming states."

"It is in the interest of us all to strive to create a climate in which both groups could exchange their frank and free opinions on matters of mutual concern."

"Although Britain is fast becoming an important oil-producing state, it is at bottom a commercial state depending for its prosperity largely on a firm and



Lord Carrington

continuous growth of world trade.

We want therefore to avert any large and sudden rise in the oil prices which, we think, is harmful to the world economy.

"We acknowledge and welcome the moderate attitude of some countries, particularly Saudi Arabia, but we are dismayed at the recent increases which will inevitably bring about unpleasant consequences for the emerging as well as the advanced nations."

Khaled receives Indonesia envoy

TAIF, July 22, (SPA) — King Khaled received here Sunday the credentials of the new Indonesian ambassador, Tenkohadi Muhammad Taib.

For SR100,000

Jeddah cat made a lady

JEDDAH, July 22 — A Jeddah cat was married Friday, and the celebrations cost SR100,000.

According to "Okaz" Sunday, her unnamed owner gave a party at his villa on the northern shore of Oboor Creek to express his love, admiration and loyalty to the cat which grew up in his house and was considered a member of the family.

The groom was a tom the cat's owner had chosen after he had visited his house several times, paying court to the princess by gazing at her from a distance.

He invited 100 of his relatives,

neighbors and friends and took the cat to the Creek.

By sun rise the party had broken

up enough to allow the fully-dressed bride to be led off by the

groom to one of the rooms in the villa, where they presumably consummated their union.

The SR100,000 bride

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Ankara leaders urge Turkish Cypriots to declare independence

ISTANBUL, July 22 (AP) — The leader of a pro-Muslim party called for total independence for Turkish Cypriots while other Turkish leaders defended the Turkish invasion of Cyprus five years ago.

Necmettin Erbakan, leader of the Muslim National Salvation Party, called for the "immediate proclamation of independence" by Turkish Cypriots entrenched in the northern sector of the strategically located Mediterranean island.

"Such an action will also mean an immediate settlement of the Cyprus problem" that has been Turkey's main foreign policy headache for five years.

Erbakan, whose party holds 24 seats in the 450-member ruling Turkish legislature, attacked in a veiled manner a subsequent U.S. congressional arms embargo and claimed independence could come about with the recognition of a

Greece arrests 3 Turkish men on spy charges

MYTILENE, Greece July 22 (AP) — Three Turks were arrested in Greek territorial waters off this northeastern Greek island and held on suspicion of espionage, police said here Sunday.

They said that the Turks were aboard a yacht and were in possession of photographic equipment and a revolver.

Police identified the three as Bulent Atambay, Oktay Eres and Ahmed Kaimaz, all of Istanbul.

Several such arrests have been made by Greece and Turkey in the past few years. The two North Atlantic Treaty Organization member countries are in dispute over Aegean Sea airspace and seabed rights which has led to several such incidents.

After an agreement earlier this year Greece and Turkey released those sentenced for such border trespassing, but a few more incidents have followed.

Police said that the three will stand trial early this week.

Turkish Cypriot state by an estimated 50 Muslim countries.

Acting as a governor to a treaty establishing the status of Cyprus, Turkish troops were ordered to the island in 1974 by Premier Bulent Ecevit after a Greek-inspired coup that overthrew the regime of Archbishop Makarios.

The Turkish military intervention was designed officially to "safeguard the safety of the Turkish Cypriots" in view of a threat posed by the installment of Nico Sampson, a former guerrilla fighter against the Turkish community, as president.

Claiming that American-supplied weapons were used in the invasion, the Congress imposed an arms embargo on NATO ally Turkey and Turkey retaliated with the shutdown of U.S.-operated bases on Turkish soil, which were vital for monitoring Soviet military and nuclear activity.

The arms suspension brought about by the efforts of a so-called "Greek lobby" in Washington, was terminated last September.

Turkish officials claim that the self-proclaimed Turkish federated state of Cyprus led by President Rauf Denktash is being economically ostracized by Western countries sympathetic to the cause of the Greek Cypriots.

Ecevit, in a statement marking the fifth anniversary of what is officially dubbed "the peace operation," said mainland Turkey was "determined to protect the rights of our Cypriot brethren to the very end."

Subsidiary talks were also held between Jordanian and Syrian teams led by their prime ministers, respectively Mudar Badran and Muhammad Ali Al-Halabi.

Assad sees Hussein off after talks

DAMASCUS, July 22 (R) — King Hussein of Jordan returned home Saturday night after a brief visit to Damascus in which he held extensive talks with President Hafez Assad on the Arab-Israeli conflict.

A statement issued by the presidential office in Damascus said the two leaders "reviewed the Arab situation from its aspects in the light of recent developments in the region."

Discussions covered Arab questions and international issues of joint interest," it said.

It added that the talks also dealt with ways of consolidating joint Arab action "for the liberation of occupied Arab land and recovering usurped rights."

King Hussein and President Assad exchanged views on their countries' ties and discussed ways of developing relations "in the interest of the peoples of both countries and the Arab nation," the statement said.

"I hope new solutions will be accorded to new realities prevailing on the island," Ecevit said. Ecevit won widespread popularity in 1974 when he decided to dispatch Turkish troops to Cyprus.

He emphasized that a new round of talks between the two communities, under the auspices of the United Nations, is a "new light of hope."

In a separate statement, Turkish President Fakir Korutuk noted that "political achievements depend on feats on the economical field" and I pledged to provide "all kinds assistance to contribute to the welfare of the Turkish Cypriot community."

BONN, July 22 (AP) — The Bonn government has warned Iranian supporters of Ayatollah Khomeini against carrying out revolutionary justice on West German soil.

In an interview published Saturday by the newspaper "Bild," Interior Minister Gerhard Baum said the government "will not permit foreigners to carry out their political disputes with illegal means on our soil."

"This goes in particular for certain Iranians who have harassed their countrymen, extorted confessions, confiscated passports," he added.

Baum's warning followed reports that Iranian students had established "revolutionary tribunals" to hunt down former supporters of the Shah.

arab news Middle East

Dark days ahead despite "green light"

Turkish economists warn against euphoria after IMF loan

ISTANBUL, July 22 (AP) — Leading Turkish economists unanimously agree that "a green light" flashed by the International Monetary Fund last week to restore credibility to the Turkish economy may prove useless unless complemented by courageous and stiff measures.

Three economists discussed Premier Bulent Ecevit's relationship with the world money-lending institution, Turkey's economic and financial bottlenecks and means to overcome the obstacles on the way to a healthy economy in a debate that appeared in the Sunday editions of the moderate Istanbul daily "Millet."

The debate was held to assess implications of what is publicly known here as "the green light" of the IMF after approval of a \$ 250 million special drawing rights to financially strapped Turkey.

The facility is meant to contribute to efforts aimed at stabilizing Turkey's debt-ridden economy. Overall Turkish debts are estimated at more than \$ 15 billion.

Prof. Dr. Feridus Ergin, from the prestigious Istanbul Faculty of Economics, pointed out that the IMF decision may clear the way to suspended credits earmarked for Turkey from private banks and financiers.

"However, expectations that the flux of credits and other facilities will immediately result in stabilization of the economy may never materialize," Ergin said.

Ergin termed the stop-gap funds "as a move to gain time and ease a persistent pressure on halted transactions because of lack of foreign currency."

Prof. Besim Ustunel, a senator and economist from the ruling Republican Peoples Party of Social-Democratic Premier Bulent Ecevit, stressed "more definitive and profound measures" to correct the inflationary trend. Independent estimates put Turkey's annual inflation rate at above 70 percent and predict it may top 100 per cent by the end of this year.

Ustunel blamed increasing crude oil prices for Turkey's recent chronic economic hardships as a major foreign-origin factor.

Locally, Ustunel said, governments had to pursue an inflationary policy with short term goals and over-staffed state-run economic concerns. State concerns, which form a major bulk of manufacturing and services, have come under strong attack by economists as causing a heavy burden on the economy.

"We've got to implement strict measures to survive," Ustunel said.

Ozhan Eroguz, director-general of a state-owned industrial bank, emphasized the need for Turkey to curb consumption, encourage public savings and boost exports with the diversification of the economy.



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MV BAHJAH	53/79	11-8-79

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MV LUCIA DEL MAR	3E	30-8-79

MED LINE — Service

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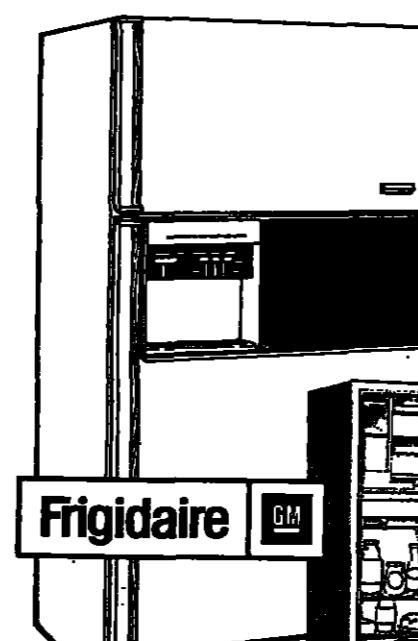
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'Major breakthrough', Waldheim asserts

Hanoi agrees to temporary halt in refugee flow

GENEVA, July 22 (AP) — Vietnam has promised "for a reasonable period" to make every effort to halt the flow of its refugees, U.N. Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim announced Saturday.

Announcement of the apparent Vietnamese concession followed U.N. Refugee Commissioner Poul Hartling's disclosure that the conference had produced pledges of 260,000 permanent homes for the Vietnamese, Cambodian and Laotian refugees, who represent the largest human migration since World War II.

The conference, with more than 50 nations participating, including Vietnam, had been called to help some 400,000 refugees now strewn in makeshift camps across Southeast Asia. The goal of the conference had been to double the resettlement pledges to 250,000.

"Our purpose in calling this conference was to reverse the course of this tragedy and I believe we are well on our way to doing so," Waldheim said in a summation of the conference.

The "major breakthrough" of the conference, Waldheim said, was agreement on the establishment of refugee "holding centers" to relieve the nations of first-asylum and Hong Kong, which have borne the major brunt of the



GENEVA : The Vietnamese delegation at the refugee conference at the Palais des Nations.

exodus. The Philippines announced it will set up a new center to handle 50,000 refugees.

Other major developments included the U.S. pledge to double its refugee intake to 168,000, Canada's agreement to take an additional 50,000 over the next 18 months, and Japan's pledge to fund 50 per cent of the cost of establishing the transit centers.

Vietnam's promise to "make

every effort to stop illegal departures" followed two days of private meetings between various delegations and the Vietnamese delegation headed by Deputy Foreign Minister Phan Hien, informed sources said.

Waldheim called on the Vietnamese to broaden a seven-point agreement worked out last month with the U.N. to help those Vietnamese seeking emigration to reunite with their families.

The Vietnamese promise also came amid reports of a sharp decrease in the outflow of the

ricketty, crowded boats whose precarious voyages across the South China Sea often fail.

Malaysia, Singapore and Hong Kong expressed hope the decreased flow did represent a genuine change in policy on the part of Vietnam, though some wrote it off as a "public relations gesture" and a "negotiating tactic."

Before Waldheim's appeal that first-asylum countries again take in refugee boats, Malaysia said it

found the conference's pledges "altogether encouraging" but would not lift its blockade against

new refugee boats until there was "some dramatic development to make the deeds match the words."

Earlier, Vice President Walter Mondale compared the Indochinese refugees to the "doomed Jews of Nazi Germany" and then waxed eloquent on U.S. financial and naval assistance to the refugees.

Waldheim told a press conference after the end of the meeting he was "gratified" by the Vietnamese assurance to halt the exodus for what he estimated would be "several months."

Asked how he could be gratified by measures opposed to the right of free movement laid down in the United Nations Charter, Waldheim conceded there was some "contradiction."

However, he noted, the alternative would be to let refugees take hazardous journeys and risk possible death by drowning.

Waldheim said while the Vietnamese also agreed to expand an arrangement for "orderly departures" made earlier this year with the U.N. refugee commission, they had not indicated yet to what extent this program could be widened.

The arrangement covers departures for "family reunions and other humanitarian cases." So far, only 200 people have benefited from it.

He said this was a "very delicate question because we have to be careful that we are not setting up a concentration camp."

Hong Kong's Governor Murray Macleish, a member of the British delegation, expressed concern that the recent drop in the number of refugee boats was a "negotiating tactic," but held out hope it reflected a change in Hanoi's policy.

He also added a sharp word for those who accept Hanoi's claim the refugees are leaving voluntarily.

"I am surprised there can be any doubt why refugees have left Vietnam or over the circumstances in which they left. We have 66,000 testimonies in Hong Kong."

"We received Nicaragua in



JOYFUL REUNION : Le Thi Tuyet Hong (left) greets her younger sister Le Thi Ngoc Hue, 18, at Los Angeles Airport July 19. They were separated in Vietnam in 1975. The young girl is one of the 500 refugees a day arriving in Los Angeles.

40,000 died in Nicaragua war, Sandinista junta member says

ashes," she said.

In

Managua alone there were

70,000 refugees in 76 camps.

Reggie Norton, field director of the British relief organization Oxfam, said 150 tons of food a day were needed to feed the war victims, but only 85 tons were coming in from all sources.

"They are getting less than half

the minimum calorie requirements to keep them going," he said.

Mrs. Chamorro said the junta's task was difficult but not impossible. "We have to reconstruct the country, feed and educate the people, wipe out illiteracy, help the sick and maimed. In sum, we have to start from scratch," she said.

Mrs. Chamorro, 50, widow of the murdered editor of the opposition newspaper "La Prensa," said at the formal assumption of power by the junta on Friday she felt "happy because it marked the end of Somozaism, sad because my husband was not present to share the moment."

Pedro Joaquin Chamorro's murder on Jan. 10, 1978, sparked the unrest which finally led to a Sandinista guerrilla victory on Thursday.

Informed junta sources accused Gen. Somoza having emptied the central bank before he fled to the United States.

Norton estimated the food situation would worsen before it started getting better sometime in December because no rice, corn or bean crops had been planted earlier in the year. There was also a grave shortage of medicines, he said.

What may be oldest living site in North America found in U.S.

GUNNISON, Colorado July 22 (AP) — Archaeologists working near Blue Mesa Reservoir in western Colorado believe they may have unearthed remains of a dwelling 4,500 years old, perhaps the oldest habitation site yet found in North America.

Their theories are based on the results of charcoal samples dated by the Carbon 14 process. The crew thinks the sage-draped hills around the reservoir once were covered with piñon-juniper forests that provided food for a nomadic people.

Tribesmen may have journeyed along the Black Canyon of the Gunnison River in the fall to collect a hefty store of piñon nuts.

Archaeologists toured the area in 1976 and found the remains of a campsite after beginning testing last summer. The Carbon 14 tests put the date of the samples at about 2,500 B.C. Scientists are now awaiting test results of other material that may bear out theories that some of the remains may be older. A crew member said the tests may indicate what type of wood was used at the dwelling site.

The site looks no different from thousands of other areas around the reservoir. It was discovered because the U.S. National Park Service was considering the hill

slope for a camp ground.

Archaeologists tested the area in 1976 and found the remains of a campsite after beginning testing last summer. The Carbon 14 tests put the date of the samples at about 2,500 B.C. Scientists are now awaiting test results of other material that may bear out theories that some of the remains may be older. A crew member said the tests may indicate what type of wood was used at the dwelling site.

The crew is just testing, not excavating but if a significant find is made this summer, the park service will have to look elsewhere for a campground site or consider financing an entire excavation.

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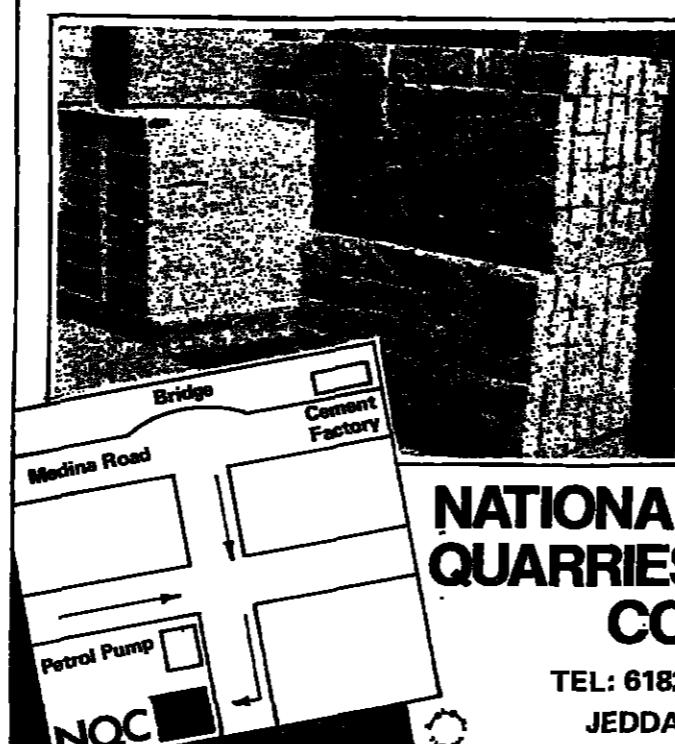
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Senate bill clamps limits on export of Alaskan oil

WASHINGTON, July 22 (AP) — The U.S. Senate approved an export-control bill Saturday that sets tight restrictions on the sale of Alaska oil and gives the Defense Department greater power over strategic exports to Communist countries.

The Senate sent the bill to the House of Representatives on a 74-3 vote.

The bill would prohibit the export of Alaska oil unless the United States was guaranteed an equal amount of foreign oil and

significant savings to consumers at the gas pump.

The president also would have to determine that export of Alaska oil was in the national interest and could be terminated if oil imports were interrupted, according to the bill.

Sen. Donald Riegle Jr., sponsor of the provision, said the restrictions were needed to protect the national security and avoid increased U.S. dependence on foreign oil.

By voice vote, the Senate

accepted an amendment by Sen. Henry Jackson to give the secretary of defense primary responsibility over advising the president on exports of strategic goods to Communist countries.

Currently, the secretaries of defense and commerce share jurisdiction over advising the president whether to permit "exports of militarily critical goods and technology."

The existing export-import law expires Sept. 30.

European rightist party huddle calls for more nuclear power

LONDON, July 22 (R) — Leaders of 19 West European center and center-right parties ended a conference in London with a call to expand Europe's nuclear power program as part of a broad-based energy policy.

Alois Mock, newly-elected chairman of the European Democratic Union which groups the 19 parties, acknowledged that there was some dissension.

His own Austrian People's Party had accepted the result of a recent referendum in Austria rejecting nuclear energy, he said.

But the conference unanimously adopted a report calling for increased nuclear power production to be increased in the coming decades and stressing that "joint ventures in uranium enrichment, reprocessing, waste management, breeder research and fusion" were of the

"utmost importance."

The report also recommended strong energy conservation measures and the development of solar energy and coal.

The union, a group of conservative, Christian Democrat and other non-collectivist parties, was formed in April 1978 to meet the challenge of the Socialist Interna-

tional. Mock commented, "once they (the socialists) said Europe will be socialist or will not beat all. We have to show them, as the European elections have already done, to a certain extent, that there is a true alternative to their union of Europe."

The group also unanimously condemned Eurocommunism, identifying it as the major threat to European democracy. "As far as Communism is concerned we have to fight it in whichever shape it shows up," Mock said.

Soviet Union offers Italy nuclear power plant deal

ROME, July 22 (R) — The Soviet Union has offered to build nuclear power stations on its own territory to supply Italy with electricity.

Adolfo Battaglia, undersecretary for foreign affairs, issued a statement confirming a report in the Rome daily "La Repubblica."

The newspaper said the Soviet offer was under consideration by



Deeper recession seen gripping U.S. economy

WASHINGTON, July 22 (AP)

— The steep plunge in economic output in the second quarter this year, combined with another hike in government interest rates, indicates a recession may be worse than the U.S. administration is predicting.

The gross national product declined at an annual rate of 3.3 per cent in the April-June period, the largest quarterly drop since

the depths of the 1974-1975 recession. Last year, the GNP rose 4.4 per cent.

Unless the figure is revised upward, the economy will almost certainly decline more this year than the 0.5 per cent drop the administration is forecasting, a U.S. Commerce Department analyst said in an end-of-week interview.

The Federal Reserve Board says the economic decline this year will be 2 per cent.

A White House economist was not ready to concede the recession will be worse than forecast. But he did say the administration's prediction is optimistic.

The officials declined to be identified publicly.

For the U.S. labor force, a worse recession would mean greater unemployment. The administration says joblessness will rise to 6.6 per cent this year and 6.9 per cent in 1980 from 5.6 per cent currently.

But the Fed says unemployment could hit 8.25 per cent next year. That would mean 1.4 million more people out of work than the administration projects.

Russian economic growth seen getting slower by CIA experts

WASHINGTON, July 22 (AP)

— The U.S. Central Intelligence Agency has lowered its estimate of Soviet economic growth and predicts Kremlin leaders "will have to make the best of a bad situation" through the 1980s, according to congressional testimony released Saturday.

The latest CIA assessment says agriculture and energy problems will pose "a major economic headache for the Soviet leadership" and that worsening economic conditions will force changes in Russia's foreign trade policy in the next decade.

"Moscow will need imports from the West more than ever before and the leadership may be forced to abandon its current conservative stance toward trade with the West," said CIA director Stansfield Turner. "Overall, there is every reason to believe that a continued decline in the rate of Soviet economic growth is inevitable through most of the 1980s."

Turner predicted total Soviet economic output will grow less than 3 per cent annually over the next few years "and then fall gradually." It could drop below 1 per cent in the mid-1980s, he said, if oil production declines below

8 million barrels a day.

Last year, the CIA forecast the Soviet economy was entering a period of substantially reduced growth with an annual economic output of 4 per cent.

Turner's latest estimate was made before the joint economic subcommittee on priorities and economy in government June 26, and was released Saturday by Democratic Sen. William Proxmire of Wisconsin, the panel's chairman.

Turner said Soviet economic

Biggest Hungarian price rise in 31 years imposed

BUDAPEST, July 22 (AP) — Hungary has announced the biggest wave of price increases in its 31-year Communist history, blaming them on trade problems and rising costs outside its borders.

Saturday sweeping increases raised the price of bread 50 per cent, automobiles 20 per cent, fuel 30 per cent, and boosted costs for a wide range of other products and services.

"World market price levels continue rising, especially prices for

energy and raw materials," the state news agency MTI said. "Therefore it has become necessary to readjust producer prices."

Bread prices went up from eight to 12 cents a pound. Milk prices rose from about 23 cents a quart to about 27 cents in dairy product hikes of 20 per cent.

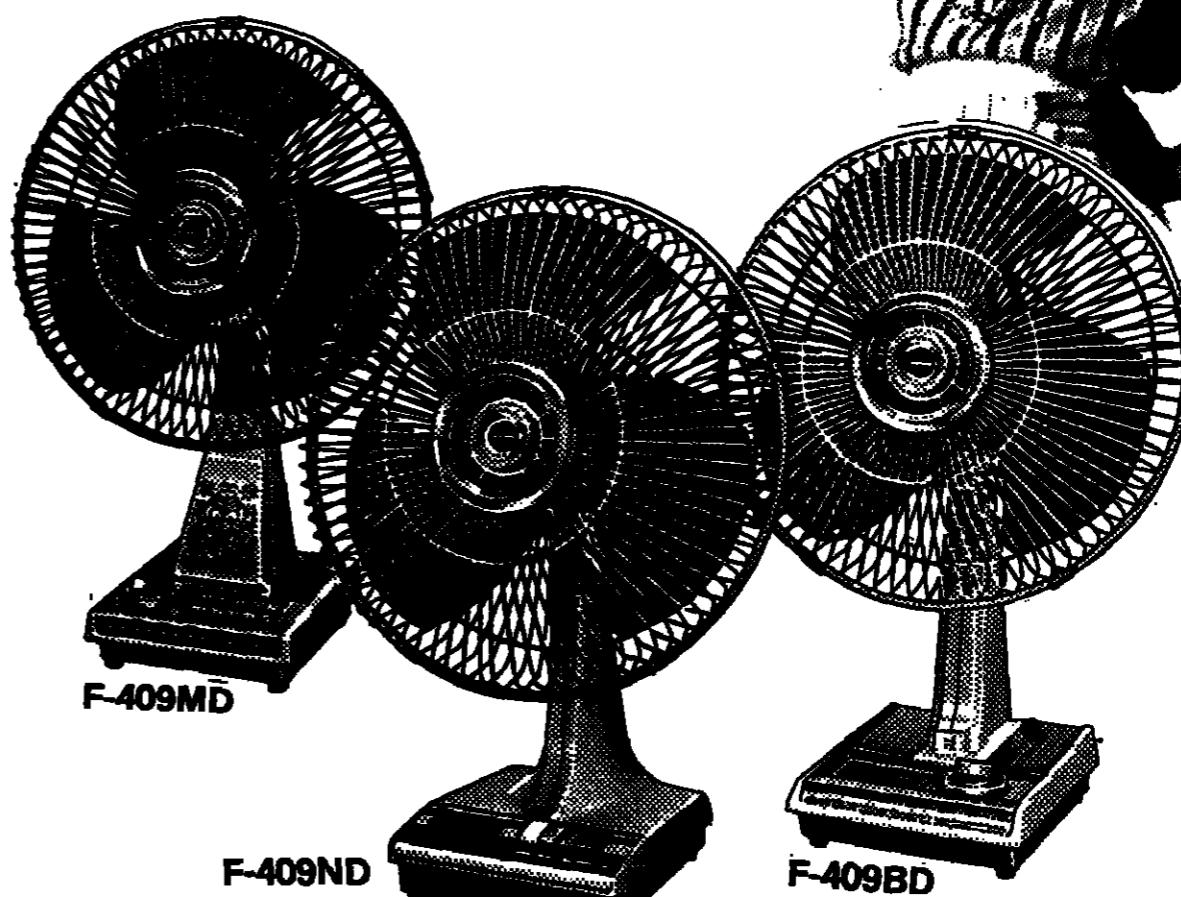
Electricity rates went up 51 per cent and the cost of other household fuels rose at least 20 per cent. Home fuel oil rose 30 per cent to 50 cents a gallon.

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Directorate General of Education, Eastern Province	Manning and maintaining of power generators	1	100	Aug. 4
Municipality of Tabuk	Manning and maintaining of street lights in Tabuk	30		Aug. 4
Municipality of Al-Bekairiah	Constructing of lavatories	150		July 29
Ministry of Information	Constructing of guard's room and a concrete fence at the transmission station in Damman	1-99/1400	50	July 16
Ministry of Defense and Aviation	Catering for the personal at Al-Kharj military base	100		July 29

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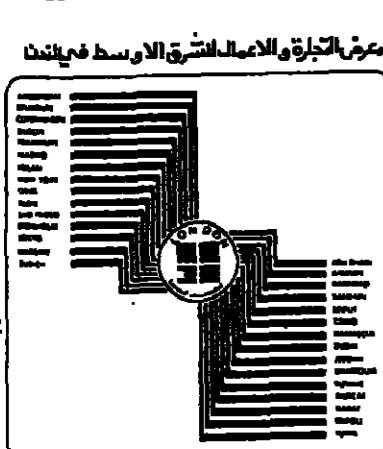
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Muzorewa alienating Rhodesia's blacks

By Les Payne

SALISBURY—

Prime Minister Abel Muzorewa, estranged from African nationalists within his moderate government, is losing support among some blacks here who backed the biracial regime in the hopes it would bring about majority representation.

Scores of Africans interviewed in and around Salisbury said they were becoming disenchanted with Muzorewa because of his inability to exert strong leadership even within the limits of the biracial arrangement. Repeatedly, residents, many of whom voted for Muzorewa in April, said that nothing had changed for Africans under the new regime. Even the majority of letters to the editors of the pro-government "Rhodesian Herald" state that Muzorewa has not brought independence to this country's black majority.

"The internal settlement was the best deal that the whites could possibly get under the circumstances," said an African professional who recently returned to his home here from the United States. "But it is not the best deal for us. Nothing, absolutely nothing, has changed. We still have the same Rhodesian flag, the same coat of arms, the same national anthem, the same black unemployment. The black ministers live in better quarters and send their children to white schools, but the African majority is still suffering."

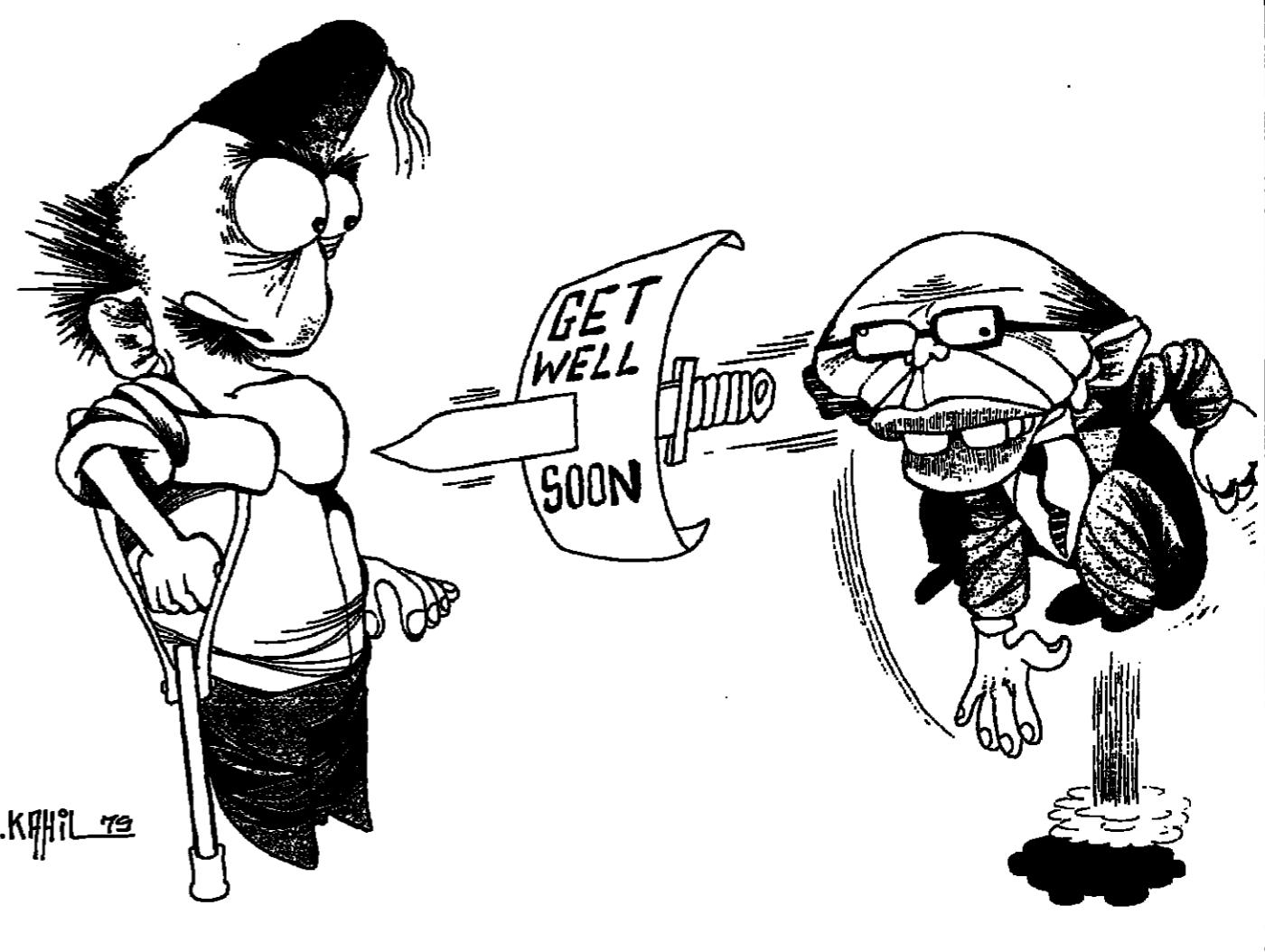
As the seven-year guerrilla war is stepped up, Muzorewa's battle within his own party has exposed a major breach in the new government. In forging a coalition with former Prime Minister Ian Smith and other white officials, Muzorewa has alienated African nationalist party members and their sizable following. The most notable defectors: James Chikerema, vice president of Muzorewa's United African National Council (UANC), and Rev. Ndabingini Sithole, a co-signer of the internal settlement. White officials privately attribute the Muzorewa-Chikerema split to tribalism, since Chikerema and the seven breakaway parliament members who form the Zimbabwe Democratic Party are all members of the Zazuru tribe.

However, the major charge leveled against Muzorewa is that of purging his government of nationalist influence.

"With the exception of George Nyandoro (minister of natural resources and rural development)," Chikerema said in an interview, "the black cabinet members are very weak, basically mediocre. The bishop has surrounded himself with people without a history of having participated in the struggle for liberation. He has also appointed some of his relatives who nobody in the whole country ever heard of before last year."

Nationalists inside the country joined those outside in condemning the Muzorewa regime's failure to produce majority rule for the almost 7 million Africans living in this country. And in this criticism, they are joined by an increasing number of black residents who have given up any hope of achieving majority rule through the present government.

To Chikerema, Muzorewa is a "man with all the makings of a dictator." As the biracial leader, Sithole summed up a view often heard on the streets and alleys of Salisbury. "Muzorewa holds the shadow of power, but the white Rhodesian Front still holds the substance of power," Sithole said. "The present government does not come to terms with the nationalist cause. And there will be no peace until the government comes to terms with the nationalist cause and hands over real majority rule." — (Newsday)



The East, too, feels the oil pinch

By Peter Ristic

BELGRADE —

Eastern Europe is no less caught up in the world energy crisis than the West — a fact brought home by the way energy matters dominated discussions at Comecon (Council for Mutual Economic Assistance) in Moscow recently.

The Comecon meeting — held as OPEC members were discussing new prices for oil in Geneva and the seven industrial nations were thrashing out energy conservation targets in Tokyo — reminded all Eastern European nations that energy reserves are limited.

Cars have been lining up for gasoline in

Moscow, driving curbs are in force or under discussion in several Soviet bloc countries and the Press throughout Eastern Europe daily rams home the need for conservation.

Although the Soviet Union supplies its satellites with oil at 25 per cent below world prices, all the Iron Curtain countries have been announcing swinging cost increases. Romania is the latest with a 40 per cent rise in the price of petrol.

Soviet Premier Alexei Kosygin claimed last month that Eastern Europe was in a better energy situation than the West but admitted that there are long-term difficulties: oil and gas reserves will run out in 20- or at the very latest — 50 years, and Mos-

cow needs Western help to bring in new fields.

Comecon's meeting in Moscow made it clear that the Kremlin sees nuclear energy as the only long-term way out of the region's problems. Moscow is already supplying equipment for plants in East Germany, Hungary, Czechoslovakia, Poland and Bulgaria, as well as for its own extensive nuclear program.

The move to nuclear energy — and the output of nuclear energy is up to 25 percent in the Soviet Union alone this year — will have the result of strengthening the economic ties between the Comecon members, for only the Soviet Union has the technology. — (OFNS).

West Bank Story : The people and their (missing) land

By William Claiborne

AZZUN, OCCUPIED TERRITORY —

Beyond a yellow bulldozer resting on freshly turned red clay soil is a new road, snaking its way up a wood-topped hillside near this Palestinian village. The road in the Shamron Hills is strewn with uprooted olive trees, some of them more than a century old, and almond trees half-buried in the upturned soil.

The road slices through a crazy-quilt pattern of stone fences, the Palestinians and time-honored assertion of domain. It stops at the edge of a pine grove, as if contemplating whether to continue on through the trees.

It is Saturday, and the diesel engines are silent. But soon the hillside will be sprinkled with beige, box-like prefabricated houses, and the olive grove will be home of several dozen families — the vanguard of a new Jewish settlement to be called Karnei Shomron Bet.

When site-clearing work began on the hillside last month, the government — still smarting from the controversy over private land expropriated for the nearby Elon Moreh settlement — stressed that Karnei Shomron Bet would be established only on state-owned land. It said that nearly 2,000 acres of public land was available, more than enough for the 100 to 300 families who will live here.

But Palestinian residents interviewed in this village about 10 miles west of Nablus tell a different story. They claim that all of the land except the forested hilltop is privately owned and has been for generations, dating back to the Turkish Ottoman Empire.

They say their land was seized without warning, and that they did not receive in advance the land expropriation orders that the military government is supposed to issue when it seizes property for "security" purposes.

They complain that their livelihood is being taken away under the guise of military necessity, when it is clear that Karnei Shomron Bet will be identical to its sister outpost about a mile east along the Kalkilya-Nablus road, the civilian settlement called Karnei Shomron Alef.

Ahmed Badran, who like most Palestinian farmers lives in the hills but tends crops in the gently rolling hillsides outside, said he lost 18 olive and almond trees when the bulldozer cut through some of his eight acres at the Karnei Shomron Bet site.

"There were no papers given to me. Suddenly, the bulldozer appeared and began working on the

land," Badran said in an interview. Badran, who lives with his large Palestinian family in a small house in Azzun's narrow, winding streets, estimated his trees yielded the equivalent of about \$100 a year.

"This small piece of land, 10 people can live off it. From wheat we make bread, from the trees we get oil. By doing this, they hurt 10 people," Badran said.

Rashad Selim, another Azzun farmer, said he owned five acres on the hillside, and that his land has been cut in half by the new road. He said he expects the settlement to be built on both halves.

"Nobody knows what they (the Israelis) are going to do. They haven't notified us. They just started working," said Selim, adding that the bulldozer uprooted three old olive trees and seven more he planted just three years ago.

Azzun villagers who claimed ownership of land on the Karnei Shomron site seemed puzzled when asked if they had clear title to their property, and documents to substantiate it.

"Everyone in Azzun knows who owns the land," one villager said. Azzun is a small village, and even two teen-aged boys showed no hesitancy as they walked a visitor up the hillside, pointing to the plots one by one and rattling off the names of local farmers.

Badran, whose age shows in his lined and weathered face, smiled at the question of title deeds, saying, "the land is in my family since father Adam. I used to pay taxes to the English, I remember (during the 1917-1948 British mandate). I paid taxes to Jordan."

But the ambiguity of ownership, while dismissed lightly by Palestinians who have cultivated the land for generations, lingers. It has long been at the heart of the controversy over Israel's seizure of West Bank property for the construction of settlements and it is the fuel for much of the smoldering resentment in the region, resentment which in many ways echoes the larger question of the West Bank and its future political status.

To the Palestinian, there is no ambiguity when he remembers that his grandfather tilled the soil and that the olive on his table always has come from the familiar grove where his father and older brothers worked.

Yet, to the Israeli government, the Azzun farmers have been squatters, reaping the fruits of public land once owned by the Jordanian crown and now part of the approximately 250,000 acres of "state land" which has been controlled by Israel

since it occupied the West Bank during the 1967 six-day war.

Despite the presence of stakes indicating planned work on what the farmers claim is their land, the government insists that the settlement itself will be built only on state land, although an aide to Agricultural Minister Ariel Sharon concedes the road does cut through private property.

Village headmen said they were withholding a formal protest to the military government until a survey is made of the Karnei Shomron Bet site and they can determine exactly where the settlement will be placed. Abdul Halil Yahi acknowledged that the government had promised compensation for damage done to cultivated land.

According to Palestinian attorneys who represent West Bank landowners in cases against the Israeli government, there are three categories of "private" lands that routinely come into dispute.

There is "mulk" land, or private property for which the owner has clear title. And there is "mir" land, for which there is no clear title, but which the farmers have cultivated for generations and which is registered with Jordan's Ministry of Finance for tax purposes.

Lastly, there are "jiflik" lands, which also have been cultivated for generations and which before the British mandate were under the title of the Ottoman Sultan. The farmers say that their ownership of "jiflik" lands was recognized by the British and Jordanian governments, and that prior to the 1967 war, Jordan was surveying the West Bank on order to issue title deeds to active farmers.

Because of conflicting definitions of what constitutes private land, it is impossible to determine how property has been seized by Israel for the 63 settlements in the West Bank since 1967.

When a special U.N. commission investigating settlements convened in Amman last month, witnesses from Western voluntary agencies working in the West Bank said 90 per cent of the land used for Israeli settlements in the West Bank was privately owned, an assertion denied by the Israeli government.

The West Bank-based researchers, using the definition of private land that includes undeeded property actively under cultivation, said that 29 settlements in the West Bank highlands have taken nearly 8,000 acres from Palestinian landowners, and that 26 Jordan Valley outposts have taken 15,500 acres. In East Jerusalem, which was also occupied by Israel in 1967, nearly 3,000 acres were seized, the U.N. commission was told.

The U.N. commission, which is due to issue a report next month, sought entry into the West Bank to conduct a land study, but Israel refused, saying the commission was created at the behest of Arab states and that its findings would reflect only pre-conceived bias.

Although the government repeatedly says that it is the policy of the government to build new settlements on state land only and avoid expropriation, Palestinian landowners complain that even settlements built on state land swallow up surrounding private land, as the outposts grow in population, because each new settler creates a need for several acres of tillable land nearby.

Residents who live near Karnei Shomron Alef, the established sister outpost of Karnei Shomron Bet, pointed to fruit tree stumps outside the main fence of the outpost and said the settlers had cut down the trees on private land and extended the fence.

Hafiz Shaka, a farmer who lives near the sprawling Hamra settlement in the Samarian highlands, says he lost 1,000 dunums of land, or about 250 acres, in 1975, after the outpost was built on state land.

He said that before the seizure, the land supported himself, his four brothers and their families, and that he had spent 10,000 Jordanian dinars, about \$30,000, clearing, cultivating and irrigating the property. He says he still owns 5,000 dinars to the Jordanian government.

Shaka said the family complained, but that when the government offered compensation, they refused before even finding out how much was being offered.

Like most Palestinian farmers interviewed, Shaka added that if he accepted compensation, he would have no legal basis for reclaiming the land should the status of the West Bank change.

Palestinian human rights activists claim that the government's land expropriation policy and the proliferation of settlements in the West Bank have created "thousands of landless farmers," including many who return to their fields as workers employed by the new settlements. The government of Prime Minister Menachem Begin claims there has been an improved standard of living in the West Bank since 1967, and argues that the allegation and the statistics are incompatible.

But the dispute continues anyway, breeding the kind of graffiti spray-painted onto a wall in Hebron:

"Our land is our sister. You can take neither." — (WP)

saudi press review

Newspapers Sunday played up the opening by King Khaled of the Taif and Hada water projects and published details of the amount of water that will be secured for the summer resorts. The appointment of the first Saudi ambassador to the Netherlands since 1973 was also prominent.

The United Nations Security Council resolution condemning Israeli settlements in occupied Arab lands was also frontpage news in the papers. The African summit conference in Monrovia and its resolution on the Middle East question was another leading item of news, especially its reference to the peace treaty between Egypt and Israel as inadequate for the establishment of peace in the region.

Commenting on the African

summit Al-Medina said "the conference revealed the extent of differences and divisions within the continent as well as the almost eerie silence which greeted the issue of gross intervention by some countries against others. But for the Sudanese and Nigerian president, the question of Tanzanian invasion of Uganda would have been totally ignored. In addition, the conference debates were characterized by bargaining over certain issues and the trading of

positions and attitudes."

The paper drew attention to the seriousness of foreign interference in African affairs, which started with the arrival of Cuban troops in Angola and later on in Ethiopia. Now, it said, the Soviet Union has become the main spring of power in those countries for use against their neighbors. This is domestic interventions like that of Tanzania are threatening the solidarity of the continent and may lead to even worse consequences, it said.

In a commentary on the Socialist International Al-Jazirah detailed the close relationship that binds it to both the Soviet Union

and Israel. "Since the International is a grouping of socialist and Marxist parties in the east and west, it is in many ways beholden to the Soviet Union. As many of its leaders Jewish or Zionist it is equally beholden to Israel and international Zionism."

"Thus the recent meeting in Vienna between Arafat of the PLO and Bruno Kreisky and Willy Brandt was meant to persuade the Palestinians to recognize Israel's right to exist forever in Palestine no matter what happens to the Palestinian people."

"Soon enough the leaders of the International will be meeting in Sweden. One of them will be Shimon Peres of Israel. We will wait and see what resolutions they will take regarding the Arab-Israeli conflict and the Palestinian rights."

"Threats to use force against some countries in the Middle East

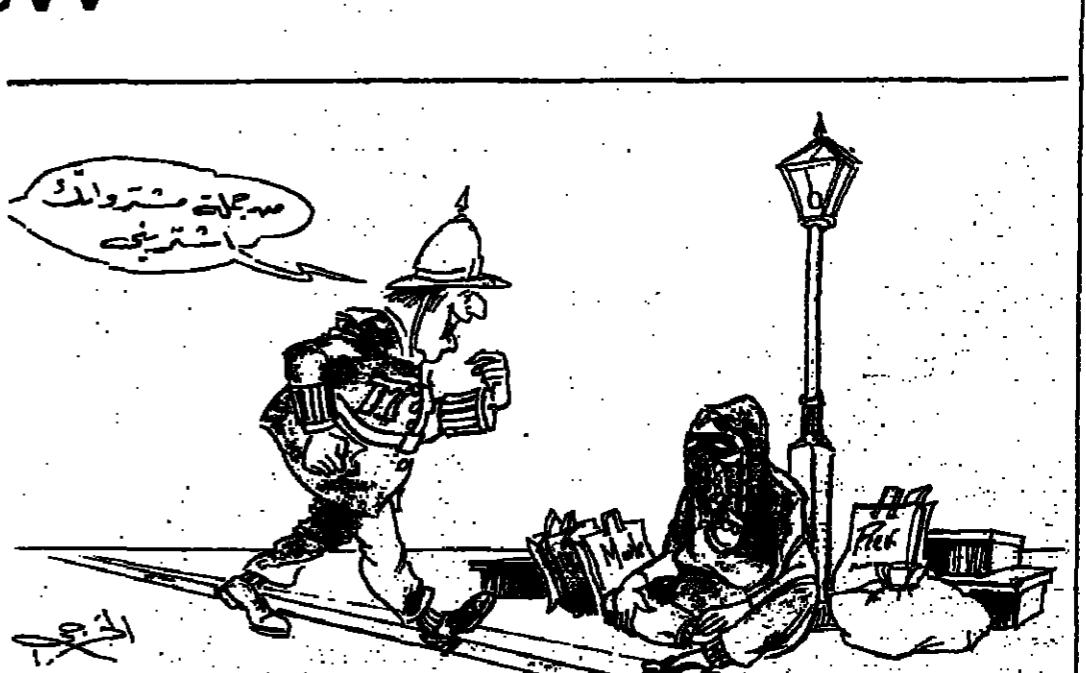
binds it to both the Soviet Union

and reports of forming a rapid-reaction force for intervention or invasion are not only deplorable but contradictory to principles of human rights that are being put forward these days," according to Al-Nadwa.

"These threats merely serve to show complete contempt for human rights and the independence of these states."

"The best way to deal with the developing states is to leave them alone. The old imperialists should abandon their ambitions and deal with the developing states on a basis of mutual respect without pressure or intervention. Going back to the age of the gunboat and imperialist companies will not do."

"There are many examples of the small, apparently weak, nations defeating some of the giant ones when the latter arrogantly tried to bulldoze changes in their societies."



Developers grab death warrant for Saudi Camp, town with a soul



Saudi Camp : Landowners have cited "unhealthy conditions" as an argument for levelling it

By Gregory Llewelyn

DHAHRAN — Saudi Camp is soon to be razed to make way for the expansion of that sleek showcase, the University of Petroleum and Minerals. Most people will never miss the camp, yet those who have shopped its souk or walked the streets as crowds poured from its mosque on a Friday will confirm the place has infinitely more life than any of its manicured neighbors.

No one, inside or outside Saudi Arabia, thinks of Dhahran as a Saudi community. Most of its inhabitants live brave reflections of an American dream at Aramco, on the campus of UPM, closeted within the grounds of the U.S. consulate, or at Dhahran international airport. To the world outside the Kingdom, Dhahran conjures visions of crude oil, a cityscape dappled with derricks and floodlit at night by spendidly-belching gas flares.

It may come as a surprise, even to mindless Dhahran-ites, to realize that there is a town within their town, a community whose roots and history are substantially intertwined with the better-known story of the oil boom.

Saudi Camp consists of a few blocks of shops and houses, sandwiched between the student dormitories of UPM and the new road which joins Aramco's Dhahran camp to the cloverleaf interchange on the Al Khorab-Abqaiq highway. Although no precise figure can be given, it is estimated that between 1,000 and 1,500 people live there. With the rapid development of the region, though, their presence has been inconspicuous. For motorists streaming out of Aramco's gate, the 30 seconds taken cruising past the tiny agglomeration is too brief for any lasting impression; many of the faculty at UPM are unaware that the place exists.

No one, of course, stops, except in irritation, snared by the single traffic light impeding the flow of traffic along the dual-carriageway. For Aramco/UPM-ites, it suffices to head the warning of a local paper to beware the goats who sometimes saunter out on the roadway.

Saudi Camp — it remains known as such, refusing stubbornly to be recognized by its grander title "As-salamah Camp" — was born at the need for Aramco lodgings grew more acute. At the end of the Second World War the company allocated housing in three carefully delimited areas. The last of these became Saudi Camp.

The Camp, however, mushroomed into a life independent of the company town. A municipality, the baladiya, was established. King Abdul Aziz appointed a kadi to preside over the local court — a task performed

to this day. A spacious mosque, now set in its own garden, arose one block from the baladiya. Shops, arranged in parallel rows of cinder-block sheds with palm-frond porches, sold the necessities and some of the pleasures of life. After a disastrous fire gutted two rows of shops, reconstruction included less inflammable corrugated iron, and business continued to thrive.

Saudi Camp hummed with commerce. And travel as well, for it became a nexus of a taxi network spanning the Eastern Province when Al Khobar and Dammam were little more than fishing hamlets. One of its original residents, with understandable license, describes the Saudi Camp of those days as "the capital of the Eastern Province."

Aramco supplied water and electricity to the baladiya. From there, camp residents acquired both utilities "unofficially." Several alleys of private houses, unnumbered and unnamed, shot off from the principal streets. Less than 40 years old these houses, with their latticed windows and bossed doors, today look as if they have stood there for centuries.

Saudi Camp has always resisted the imposition of official names. To ask for a location by its "official" address draws blank stares; residents refer to the main thoroughfares by locally-coined names like "Baladiya Street," or "Mosque Street." The civic soul, nurtured from the inside, has always grown with the pulse of an internal rhythm. In that respect, Saudi Camp is no different from most other towns.

But unlike most other towns, Saudi Camp is slated for demolition. Its salad days were strictly circumscribed. Setting up the UPM on the Jebel beside Aramco Camp filled local residents with pride; but its expansion — given land developments in other directions — is claiming the space on which Saudi Camp stands. Two years ago it was decided to raz the parcel of land which separated the student dormitories from the UPM bypass Road and build a new supermarket there. The fate of Saudi Camp was sealed.

Reaction to this death warrant was a predictable mixture of resistance and practicality. Housewives and deed-holders were generously compensated by the government. Many of them no longer lived in the camp, and their ties to the community had grown tenuous. The compensation meted out to this group was sufficient to dull the pangs of nostalgia they all professed. Yet several of these property-owners claim that they will never forget the life which inspired some of them to write poetry in praise of Dhahran.

One suggestion, made by an unnamed Saudi faculty member at UPM, could alleviate the disrup-



Saudi Camp resident Amir Shabika, who works for air force security

tion in the lives of at least some of the camp dwellers. Why not construct the new supermarket along the lines of a souk, with stalls for individual merchants? Such a solution, he argues, is consistent with the standards of hygiene which are to be maintained in the store. In this way one aspect of the Kingdom's cultural heritage, constantly threatened by submergence in a sea of Western commercial practices, would be preserved.

Another attractive feature of this suggestion is that the stalls of a "supersouk" might be leased to very merchants whose stores are to be dismantled to make way for the new market. That would solve the problem of relocation which, given rentals and competition, makes setting up new stores elsewhere in the Dammam-Al Khorab-Dhahran triangle a difficult and costly proposition.

Like the shopkeepers, camp tenants are faced with relocation difficulties. Without benefit of the compensation doled out to deed-holders, these people must now search Dammam and Al Khorab for places to live. Rents, of course, are far higher there than in Saudi Camp.

"I first paid SR 300 a year for two rooms in the camp when I arrived here 15 years ago," remembers Salab Al-Faqi. "Until recently, I was paying SR 3,000 to SR 4,000 a year. Now even after the landlord has been compensated for his property he came round asking for half the rent!"

The Al-Faqis, an extended family with cousins and uncles included, have struck roots in Saudi Camp which go back to the days when the settlement was in its infancy. Salab, like many of the men in the family, worked for Aramco when he first arrived from his native Asir Province. After three years with the company, he began jobbing for its sub-contractors. His cousin Ahmed has logged 24 years with

Aramco.

All camp-dwellers at one time,

the family is now seeking lodgings elsewhere. Ahmed has already found a flat in Dammam.

Seated at noontime around a plate heaped with steamed chicken and rice, the men talked about the camp, what it had meant to them and their attachment to it.

"Here in the camp," said Salab,

whose elder sons attend a government school one block away,

"we had everything we really needed. We knew our neighbors

and they knew us. It won't be the same elsewhere."

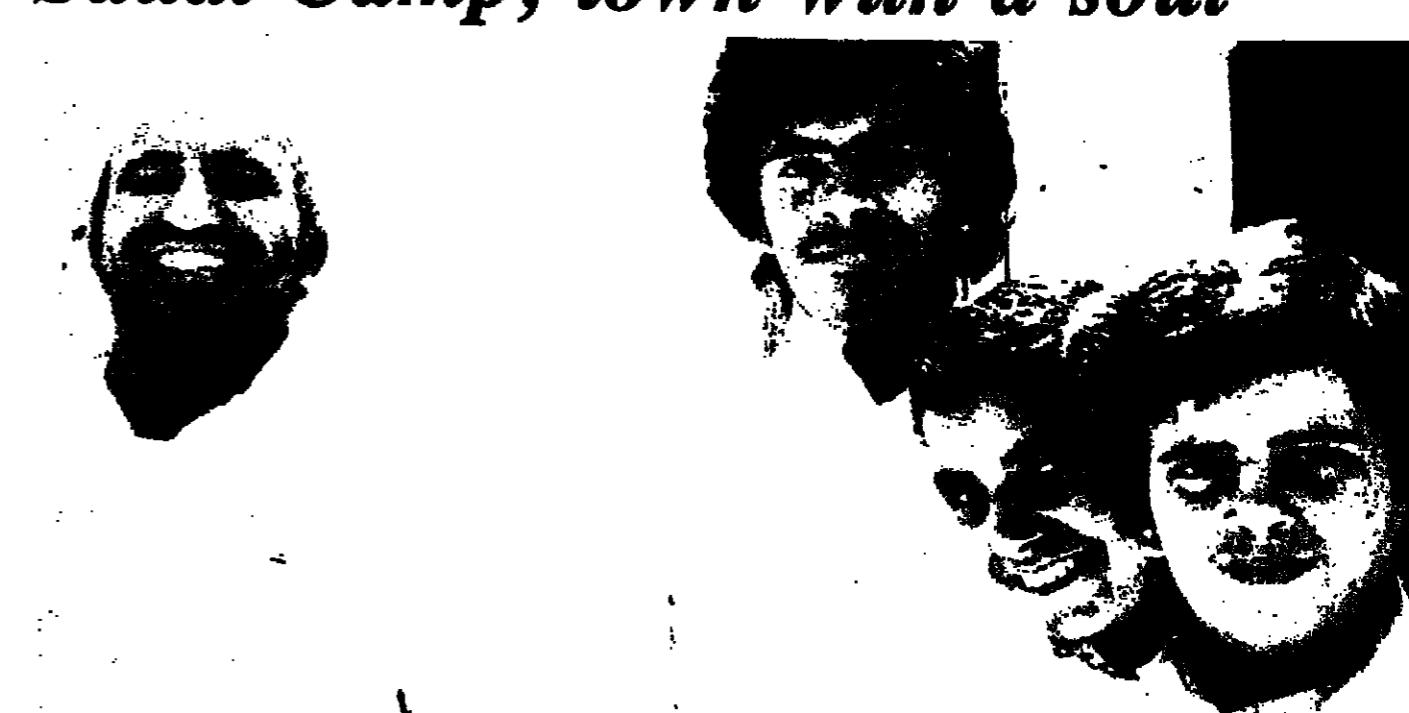
Asked if they had considered returning to Asir Province, Ahmed said that it was difficult to save money back home. That discouraged a quick return.

"I was earning one riyal a day in Jeddah when I decided to move here," said Ahmed, who recently spent about six months in San Francisco on an Aramco orientation program. He smiled broadly and added: "The money in Dhahran then was a lot better — six riyals a day!"

Financial consideration will keep the Al-Faqis in the Eastern Province, although memories of beautiful harvests of almonds, fruit, corn and wheat may tempt them to build houses in the Asir when they retire.

Landowners have cited "unhealthy conditions" as one of the compelling arguments for levelling Saudi Camp. Yet the Al-Faqi majlis was not unlike many others in Arabia, a cheerful room where portraits of members of the royal family held pride of place on one wall, while a line-up of the Red Shirt Stars, a Cairene football club, beamed from another.

The house boasted running water and electricity; an air-conditioner kept the temperature down and a new washing machine was modestly tucked away



The Al-Faqi family : roots in Saudi Camp since the settlement was in its infancy



Mealtimes with the Al-Faqis : "Here in the camp we had everything... It won't be the same else where"

points of view, but it also wipes off the face of the earth a speck of evidence for human survival.

Bulldozing the whole camp erases from the slate a period of up to 40 years in the lives of some 1,500 people. A community will have disappeared, in the broader interests of national development perhaps, but it will have disappeared nonetheless; and with it one more slender bond with the past will have been sundered.



A grocer in Saudi Camp : Why not spare these traders by relocating them in a new "supersouk"?

Soon

فندق المدينة شيراتون
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Wind dims stars**Steady Ballesteros grabs U.K. Open**

LYTHAM ST. ANNES, England July 22 (AP) — Severiano Ballesteros, a Spaniard in a hurry, Saturday won the British Open golf championship by hanging on grimly while American stars like Jack Nicklaus, Hale Irwin and Ben Crenshaw faltered on the last lap.

Ballesteros, 22 and plagued with back trouble, finished with a one-under-par 283 for 72 holes in a championship marked by high scoring throughout.

He was the only player to finish with a sub-par total on Lytham's par 71 course. His nearest rivals, Nicklaus and Crenshaw, both finished on 286, two over par and three strokes behind and on the final day Ballesteros was the only player ready to tame the wind buffeting down the back nine.

And his victory meant the "Lytham Jim" on Americans was very much alive. Not since Bobby Jones won the open in 1926 has an American taken the open there.

Ballesteros started the day at even-par 213, two strokes behind Irwin, the U.S. Open champion, a stroke ahead of Nicklaus and two strokes ahead of Crenshaw.



BORG : Bjorn Borg, the four-times Wimbledon champion, is through to the finals of the Swedish Open.

Faces Taroczy**Borg to Swedish final**

BAASTAD, Sweden, July 22 (AP) — Bjorn Borg trounced fellow-Swede Kjell Johansson 6-3, 6-0 before a record crowd of 6,000 Saturday to reach the finals of the Swedish Open tennis championships.

The four-time Wimbledon and French Open champion, who has dropped only eleven games in four matches here, will face Balazs Taroczy of Hungary.

Taroczy, seeded second behind Borg, outlasted French veteran Patrick Frois 6-2, 4-6, 6-4 in the other semi-final.

In Stuttgart, West German Pinner ousted Colin Dowdeswell of Rhodesia 6-2, 6-1 and Tomas Smid of Czechoslovakia eliminated Rolf Gehring of West Germany 7-6, 7-6 Saturday to reach the finals of the Weissenhof tennis tournament.

Pinner and Smid meet for the

But while the others—including Australia's Rodger Davis, who led for a brief time—faded in the teeth of the notorious back nine, Ballesteros kept firing his long drives ambitiously down the narrow fairways with their thick clusters of rough that catch anything off line.

It was a day of fluctuating fortunes, with the lead swinging among Ballesteros, Crenshaw and Davis.

Four-under**Meyers leads**

TMONIUM, Maryland, July 22 (AP) — Pat Meyers shot a four-under-par 69 and leap-frogged over half-a-dozen players and into first place Saturday after two rounds of the Greater Baltimore Golf Classic at Pine Ridge Course.

Meyers, a non-winner, but a five-time runner-up as a pro, shot 70-69-139, good for a one-stroke lead over unheralded rookie Cindy Chamberlin, 70-70-140, and first-round leader

Bonnie Bryant, 67-73-140.

Five girls were at 141, including Kathy Whitworth, a five-time winner during the 17 previous tournaments held in the Baltimore area, who put together five consecutive birdies while shooting the day's low round, a 68.

Also at 141 were Debbie Austin, Sally Little, Louise Bruce, and amateur Patti Rizzo, a 19-year-old University of Miami sophomore.

The group at 142 included Nancy Lopez, the year's top money-winner who has already captured six events, who got into the chase with a 69. The others were Pat Bradley, a four-time runner-up this year, Australian Jan Stephenson, Dot German, and Betsy King.

The 25-year-old Meyers had for birdies and no bogeys, while hitting 17 greens and using 31 putts.

Illinois

COAL VALLEY, Illinois, July 22 (AP) — Canada's Dan Hall-dorson, whose best tour finish this year was a tie for seventh in the Hawaiian Open, birdied four of the last six holes—three of them in a row—for a 67 Saturday to grab the third-round lead of the Circuit Open with a 10-under-par 200.

Nine players were within three strokes of the 27-year-old Hall-dorson, who has failed to make the cut in eight tournaments this year. D.A. Weibring, seeking his first

win, posted a 33 on the last nine for a 69 and a 201.

Five players were grouped at 202 and what could be a blanket finish in Sunday's final round over the par-70, 6,514-yard Oakwood Country Club course.

Jumping into the chase with a 34-31-65 was John Mahaffey, the 1978 Professional Golfers' Association champion and winner of the Bob Hope Classic in January. Craig Stadler, who tied for seventh in the Masters after sharing the 36-hole lead, and Rod Curley and Bob Murphy.

Stadler came in with a 66 and still had a 67. Murphy, after birding the first hole, fired 17 straight pars for a 69. Curley, who shared the 36-hole lead with Weibring, was even par 70.

At 203 were Jim von Losow with 67, Forrest Frazier with 67, and Lou Nielsen with a 68.

Bracketed at 204 were Lindy Miller with a 65, Morris Hatalsky with 67, Keith Fergus with 70 and Bob Gilder with 70.

Defending champion Victor Regalado slipped to a 72 for 206 and Sam Snead skied to 74 for 211. Larry Nelson, second leading money winner this year, shot his third straight 70 for 210. Gene Littler was also at 210.

Jeff Mitchell with a 72 was at 205 and Dennis Sullivan with a 73 had 206. Mitchell and Sullivan were only a stroke off the lead after 36 holes.

He clocked 27 minutes 44.12

Mexican challenger crushed**Pedroza keeps featherweight crown**

HOUSTON, Texas, July 22 (R) — Eusebio Pedroza of Panama stopped Mexico's Ruben Olivares in the 12th round of a scheduled 15-round bout here Saturday night to retain his World Boxing Association (WBA) featherweight championship.

Pedroza knocked down Olivares, for the first time, after one minute 32 seconds of the round and the challenger's corner threw a towel into the ring as the referee was counting him out.

It was Pedroza's fifth title defense. He improved his record to 24 wins, two losses and a draw.

Olivares, 32, twice world bantamweight champion, was trying to regain the featherweight crown for the third time. His record is now 90 wins, nine losses and two draws.

They fought fairly evenly

through the first six rounds, but in the seventh Pedroza unleashed a barrage of sharp, effective punches.

Displaying quick reflexes and superior timing, he landed at will through the next four.

Some of the 8,500 spectators at the Sam Houston Coliseum began to leave during the next few rounds, as the fight became so

one-sided. Many said it was a tribute to the Mexican's experience that he managed to last that long. Just as the challenger's handlers were about to concede defeat,

Notorious Belgian circuit witnesses Beltoise crash

FRANCORCHAMPS, Belgium July 22 (AP) — Former Formula One Grand Prix driver Jean-Pierre Beltoise of France barely escaped unhurt Saturday from his burning BMW after it crashed and overturned in the early laps of the 24 hours of Francorchamps endurance race for production cars, marred by rain.

This accident and many others could strike a serious blow to the new racing circuit which Belgian promoters hope could be included again one day in the official Formula One Grand Prix list.

The circuit was eliminated several years ago after the Grand Prix Drivers Association banned it as too fast and too dangerous.

It was since shortened in half and re-surfaced but it is so slippery that motorcycle Grand Prix riders refused to line up there three weeks ago, ruining the annual Belgian Grand Prix.

Another problem beset the race

Saturday. Water from heavy rain showers accumulated at the curved bottom of the downhill straight in front of the main stands, forming a kind of pool in which Beltoise's car and others' cars skidded uncontrollably.

The Frenchman's car flattened two rows of steel guard rails, overturned and caught fire. He jumped out unscathed.

The race was suspended pending repairs of the rails.

Fifty cars from 1,000 cc to six litres took the start under pouring rain after organizers authorized drivers to run a practice lap on the slippery track.

After two hours, six cars were



WINNER : Severiano Ballesteros, who hung on grimly to take the British Open Saturday.

African runner triumphs to open Soviet festival

MOSCOW, July 22 (R) — Miruts Yifter of Ethiopia stormed to an impressive victory in the men's 10,000 meters, the show-piece event of the opening day of the Spartakiad athletics program Saturday.

Jeff Mitchell with a 72 was at 205 and Dennis Sullivan with a 73 had 206. Mitchell and Sullivan were only a stroke off the lead after 36 holes.

He clocked 27 minutes 44.12

Pedroza keeps featherweight crown

Pedroza sent Olivares to the canvas. He was up quickly, but his corner had already thrown in the towel and the referee stopped the contest.

Just as the challenger's handlers were about to concede defeat,

The huge Lenin Stadium, which had been packed to its 100,000 capacity for opening ceremony during the afternoon, was strangely empty as Vinichenko completed the course in one hour 22 minutes 29 seconds.

The women's shot put turned out to be the most closely contested of the night.

East Germans Ilona Shupianek and Margitta Rufe enjoyed a great battle which ended with Shupianek taking the gold by just seven centimeters.

Shupianek, the world's leading woman in the event this year, had a best of 21.52 meters while Rufe took the silver with 21.45 and Czechoslovakia's Helena Fibigrova got the bronze with 20.83.

The only other gold medal went to Evteliana Ulmasova, who headed the all-Soviet field in the women's 3,000 meters clocking a modest 8:46.

The athletics program continues with three more finals: the men's 100 meters and triple jump and the women's javelin.

Astro collapse
Pirate homers snap perfect pitching run

NEW YORK, July 22 (AP) — Bill Robinson and Phil Garner each clouted eighth-inning solo home runs to end the phenomenal pitching streak of Houston reliever Joe Sambito and lift the Pittsburgh Pirates to a 6-5 victory over the collapsing Astros Saturday.

Sambito, 4-3 who had not allowed an earned run in a span of 40 2-3 innings dating back to May 1, took the loss as Houston fell to its fifth straight defeat and its 12th in 13 games.

The Pirates, winners of six in a row and 10 of their last 11 games, trailed 5-4 in the eighth. But Robinson led off with a homer to right center, his 20th of the season, and Garner followed with a two-out homer to the same spot, his third in three games.

Pirate reliever Enrique Romo, 5-3, notched the victory with ninth-inning relief from Kent Tekulve, who posted his 14th save.

Run-scoring hits by pitcher Silvio Martinez and Keith Hernandez keyed a nine-run third inning that carried the St. Louis Cardinals to a 12-3 victory over the Cincinnati Reds. Martinez, 8-3, delivered a two-run single and Hernandez rapped a three-run double in the third—the Cards' biggest inning since September 1977.

Scot Thompson's fourth single of the game rolled through the legs of Atlanta left fielder Jeff Burroughs in the ninth inning, allowing Dave Kingman to score from the first base and give the Chicago Cubs a comeback 3-2 victory over the Braves.

Left-hander Bob Knepper, winless since June 12, scattered eight hits and Jack Clark and Mike Ivie belted home runs, leading the San Francisco Giants past the Philadelphia Phillies 4-1.

Willie Randolph's grand slam and Reggie Jackson's three-run homer highlighted a 10-run fifth inning that gave Ron Guidry and the New York Yankees a 6-4 victory over the Oakland A's.

Moose Hass pitched a three-hitter and Sixto Lezcano belted a three-run homer to pace the Milwaukee Brewers to a 5-0 victory.

Benson and Hedges Cup goes to Gooch's Essex

LONDON, July 22 (R) — Essex gained the first trophy of their 103 years by winning the Benson and Hedges Cup at Lord's here Saturday.

After Graham Gooch launched their achievement with a magnificent 120 runs, Essex went on to beat Surrey by 35 runs in the final of the limited overs competition.

Gooch thrashed injury-weakened Surrey as Essex charged to 290 for six, the highest total in any of the tournament's eight finals.

They lost Chauhan to a catch at slip for 12, but only Brian Brain kept up a dangerous showing. He took two for 34, off 16 overs by tea.

Two wickets fell after tea to Philip Bainbridge, but Sharma, bidding for a place in the second Test match at Lord's on Thursday week, struck an unbeaten 64 as the tourists declared at 337 for 5.

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arab news

Middle East Shipping Information

Compiled with the co-operation of Lloyds of London

ABU DHABI

July 10
Mediterranean
July 11
Al Kedah
Arasat
Ocean Sherry
Stockmen
Dana Optima
Dana Maest
July 12
Eas Coral
Mancayana Importer II
July 14
Tommorow
City of Canterbury
July 17 Alans

ADEN

July 12
Lotto
Vishnu Vikram
Oasis Reeder
Carolin
Bergen Maru
July 13
Sea Bone

ALEXANDRIA

July 12
Europa Moon
Izanne V (Gr) (2275)
Polyxenia
Sakha
El Anoud
El Agami

DASPEIN (Gr) (2474)

El Shams
Bambini
Good Mother
Uherfels
Mya Du

EL GRECO

Franco Suplo
Feder Verakin
Alia
Ion Juber

San Giorgio III

San Francisco Maru

JULY 14

African Comet
Akakos

Alakatos

Steepie
Bremen
Regulus

Hurt Traveller

Banksy Byzants

Africa

JULY 15

Great Harbour

Panoramic Express

Panoramic

Perikli

Pavlos V

Pavlos Schroder

Nicolas

Arius Hovorka

Alazayzer

Annulus II

Contests II

Emelots

JULY 17

Kemaris

Kleene Sandee

Espresso Cagliari

Japan

Conf

Orpheus

July 18

Pray

Frio

Abdullah

Cormithan Reeder

El Mafsi Faisel

July 19

Daphne (Gr) (1653)

Oceanis

BAHRAN

JULY 10

Lore Torko

JULY 11

Eas Flora

Auto Gulf

Faresda

Eas Coral

JULY 12

Xin An Jiang

Makarios

Dana Optima

JULY 13

Shokou

JULY 14

Stockmen

Tropic Melbourne

JULY 15

Satrash

Shuyoh Maru

JULY 16

Kesuga Maru (Ja) (11832)

BASRA

JULY 12

Marianne Danielsen

Chew

Bernard

CUETA

JULY 12

Vipur

AI Tafacer

Rya Ulyon

Nedchuda Kupakaya

JULY 14

Merak

Angeal Luck

JULY 15

Neulocster

Rio Cuyamel

Lara

Glorina

JULY 16

Rockeb

Athenios

Banger Tarani

JULY 17

Anna

JULY 18

Josephine (NA)

Shan Yin

Kotla

Grodo

JULY 19

Sevita

Sevita

Lincorines

Andris (Gr)

DAMMAM

JULY 10

E.R. Bridge

Concordia Glory

Nedloyd Bangkok

Long Beach

Macassar Maru

JULY 11

Rheinair

Almarinach

Fathimah

Frederika

Timuri Star

Chong Suk

JULY 12

Wakamemi Maru

Hellenic Wave

Arc Minos

AR

Kobe

Marmaris

Russels

Dubai

Iran

Dammam

Dubai

Dubai

UAE

Umm Qasr

AR

Al Kedah

Marc Scandinavia

Papet

Tomas

Port Royal

Jan Dyc

Exxon Bulder

Al Moharrak

Frettil

Seastain Le Havre

July 14

Royal Rochester

Muscat

Damman

Shuras

Doha

AR

Carach

Angle Baltic

July 17

Ibn Rajah

Sun Diamond

Mojoind

Hannah Lu

Ebeland

July 18

Herbewart

Iki Smita

DOHA

July 11

Ibn Al-Atheer

July 12

Al-Khalidiyah Glory

Maha Shield

July 14

New Star (Ko)

DUBAI

July 12

Frauke

July 13

Arabian Unity

Al Khaleej

Khalid Rabi

E.R. Brusel

Angela Mary

Interested in Business Developments
in Saudi Arabia

saudi business

THIS WEEK READ ABOUT:

- * Redec is bullish on Saudi Arabia
- * An interview with Japan's Trade Minister
- * A growing need: landscaping
- * Arab business expo in London

arab news

International Finance International Bourse, Commodities, Money and Exchange Rates



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Riyadh: Tel. 4789323

EXCHANGE RATES

U.S. \$

Interbank Spot Dollar Rates at
London as quoted by Bank of America
IFC London

	July 19	July 20	RANGE
U.S. Dollar	1.3146	1.3159	
Australian Dollar	1.1352	1.1354	
Austrian Schilling	17.3862	17.3615	
Belgian Franc	37.7962	37.7117	
Bolivian Boliviano	1.2445	1.2446	
Deutsche Mark	2.3460	2.3430	
French Franc	4.2208	4.2222	
German Mark	1.8095	1.8105	
Icelandic Króna	9.1251	9.1252	
Irish Pound	1.2158	1.2159	
Italian Lira	21.4946	21.1233	
New Zealand Dollar	2.9979	2.9772	
Dutch Guilder	5.6225	5.6245	
Norwegian Krone	5.7765	5.7625	
Swiss Franc	0.7746	0.7747	
Canadian Dollar	1.3746	1.3773	
Small Sterling	0.7746	0.7773	
Spanish Peseta	6.5244	6.5272	
Swedish Krona	5.9493	5.9775	
Malaysian Ringgit	6.6146	6.6147	
Indonesian Rupiah	13.3650	13.3100	
Taiwanese Dollar	1.2050	1.2051	
Portuguese Escudo	5.5620	5.5630	
Singapore	2.1448	2.1459	
Malaysian Ringgit	2.1448	2.1459	
Hong Kong	5.1320	5.1578	
South African Rand	1.1635	1.1653	
Swiss Franc	2.1259	2.1274	
U.A.E. Dirham	4.7976	4.8164	
Venezuelan Bolivar	5.6234	5.6264	

SDR

Exchange Rates for the IMF's SDR

	July 19	July 20	RANGE
Sterling	2.2820-2.2840		
Austria	3.2345-3.2360		
Italy	1.2440-1.2449		
France	4.2208-4.2222		
W. Germany	1.8095-1.8105		
N. Ireland	1.2158	1.2159	
Belgium	1.2158	1.2159	
Spain	5.5620	5.5630	
Portugal	5.5620	5.5630	
Malaysia	2.1448	2.1459	
Hong Kong	5.1320	5.1578	
Dutch Guilder	5.6225	5.6245	
Norwegian Krone	5.7765	5.7625	
Small Sterling	0.7746	0.7773	
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STERLING

Closing Spot Sterling Rates at London

STERLING

Closing Spot Sterling Rates at London

THE ECU

Exchange Rates for the ECU
Official Brussels Fixing

	July 19	July 20	RANGE
USA	2.2720-2.2730		
Canada	2.2492-2.2510		
Switzerland	3.7225-3.7235		
U.S. G.	1.4125-1.4130		
Austria	0.4330-0.4370		
Denmark	0.4330-0.4370		
Netherlands	0.4338-0.4359		
Belgium	0.4344-0.4354		
Portugal	0.4344-0.4353		
Spain	0.4344-0.4353		
Denmark	11.5400-11.5500		
Italy	1.4050-1.4062		
Spain	1.4050-1.4062		
Portugal	1.4050-1.4062		
France	1.4050-1.4062		
Switzerland	1.4050-1.4062		
Denmark	11.5400-11.5500		
Italy	1.4050-1.4062		
Spain	1.4050-1.4062		
Portugal	1.4050-1.4062		
France	1.4050-1.4062		
Switzerland	1.4050-1.4062		
Denmark	11.5400-11.5500		
Italy	1.4050-1.4062		
Spain	1.4050-1.4062		
Portugal	1.4050-1.4062		
France	1.4050-1.4062		
Switzerland	1.4050-1.4062		
Denmark	11.5400-11.5500		
Italy	1.4050-1.4062		
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Denmark	11.5400-11.5500		

Little hope for missing

Supertanker crash seen causing massive oil spill

SCARBOROUGH, Tobago July 22 (AP) — Tugboat crews gained control of a fire on a supertanker and began towing it to open seas Saturday in a race to save the southern Caribbean from what could become history's worst oil spill, officials reported.

Trinidad and Tobago Coast Guard officers said there was little hope that 27 seamen missing since the collision late Thursday of the Atlantic Empress and another supertanker, the Aegean Captain, would be found alive.

Special disaster teams were called in from the United States to fight the population threat.



'FOR ME, KEMOSABE ?' : Actor Jay Silverheels, whose best known role was on television in the 1950s playing the faithful Indian companion of "The Lone Ranger" seems to be asking the question recently when Hollywood dedicated one of its star sidewalk plaques to him.

A spokesman for the international relief and salvage effort, which set up headquarters in Port of Spain, Trinidad, said Saturday night that the fire aboard the Atlantic Empress was under control and there was no immediate danger the vessel would sink. Witnesses who flew over the ship at midafternoon said it was being towed away slowly from the area northeast of Tobago.

In what was almost a second tragedy, a helicopter taking John Donaldson, security minister of the twin-island nation of Trinidad and Tobago, crashed into the sea Saturday as he surveyed the spill.

The coast guard reported later in the day that the fire aboard the 1,139-foot Atlantic Empress had been brought under control, but from an airplane thick flames could still be seen flaring along at least half the length of the giant vessel.

The ship was listing badly as it stood dead in the water eight miles off the island's northeast tip. Two tugs stood by ready to tow her out to sea but — apparently tended off by the fire or fear of an explosion — did not tie up to her.

Spreading out from the two ships was a huge oil slick that took a snake-like shape, roughly 25 miles by one mile, darkening the azure waters north of the island. It appeared no closer than eight miles to shore, and there were no reports yet of oil washing up on Tobago's gleaming sand beaches.

How much oil had spilled into the Atlantic from the damaged ships could not be determined. But if even half their cargo poured into the sea it would be the world's biggest tanker spill, surpassing the 54.6-million-gallon Amoco Cadiz spill off the French coast last year.

The Atlantic Empress was reported carrying 70.8 million gallons of petroleum. A representative of the ship's owner said some of it was highly flammable naphtha that was burning up, but most was crude oil. The agent, who asked not to be identified, earlier had said most of the cargo was naphtha.

He said that because it was not known how many of the ship's tanks had been ruptured, it was impossible to judge how big the spill could become.

Israelis denied Turkey airspace

RIYADH, July 22 (SPA) — Turkey has banned the overflight of Israel's El Al planes through its air space, the Israeli radio announced Saturday night.

An aircraft of the Israeli El Al Company was compelled to change its route from Europe to Israel after the Turkish authorities prohibited it from overflying the Turkish air space, the radio reported.

Judge rules in U.S. suit

Housewife not worth \$40,000 a year

CHICAGO, July 22 (AP) — A wife is not entitled to market-value compensation for cooking, washing dishes and other housework in a divorce settlement, a judge has ruled.

The decision, handed down Friday by Circuit Judge Charles Fleck, resulted from a suit filed by Claire Gallagher, wife of John Gallagher, vice president of a department store chain, Sears Roebuck and Co.

Fleck awarded Mrs. Gallagher maintenance payments of \$40,000 annually and said she should receive a property settlement of about \$800,000, excluding pro-



PALACE ARRIVAL : Members of the Provisional Government for Reconstruction are greeted by crowd of more than 100,000 as they arrive in central Managua. Sounds of sirens, screaming, and gunfire filled the air as Nicaragua begins a new era. (See story Page 4)

Refinery blasts seen hitting U.S. gas stock

TEXAS CITY, Texas July 22 (AP) — Two explosions rocked one of the United States' largest unleaded gasoline refineries Saturday, and plant officials predicted "a big impact" on production.

Fourteen refinery workers sustained minor injuries and one company firefighter was hospitalized. Officials said injuries were no worse because workers were able to evacuate the facility.

"There will be a big impact on our production of unleaded gasoline. I can't say how much," said Larry Durland, manager of the Amoco Texas Refinery, one of the United States' five largest and one of Standard Oil's 10 domestic refining facilities.

He said that because it was not known how many of the ship's tanks had been ruptured, it was impossible to judge how big the spill could become.

Haddad threatens attack on U.N. in South Lebanon

HAIFA, July 22 (R) — Maj. Saad Haddad, South Lebanese right wing militia commander, said Sunday his Israeli-backed forces would attack United Nations peacekeeping troops in his area if this was necessary to protect his people.

The warning came in an interview with Israel Radio at Haifa's Rambam Hospital where he has been having a medical checkup.

Both the major's militias controlling a narrow strip of land along the Israeli border and the

Israeli Army have accused the United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon (UNIFIL) of allowing Palestinian commandos to cross through the UNIFIL buffer zone to attack Israeli and militia targets.

A renewal of almost daily clashes between the right-wing militias and the commandos plus their Lebanese left-wing allies led one commando organization three days ago to charge that Israel was preparing a large-scale military operation against South Lebanon.

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